

### Chapter 1 : The Watch Glass - Ruins of the Union Carbide plant at Bhopal. THE

*The Black Box of Bhopal, by Dr. Themistocles D'Silva, is a clear and comprehensive account of the Bhopal plant disaster, including the plant's origin, the gaseous decomposition and its analysis and social and legal events following.*

The city was the capital of the former Bhopal State. Bhopal is known as the City of Lakes [3] for its various natural as well as artificial lakes and is also one of the greenest cities in India. The Bhopal disaster continues to be a part of the socio-political debate and a logistical challenge for the people of Bhopal. An alternative theory says that the city is named after another king called Bhupala or Bhupal. Mausoleum of Dost Khan Bhopal. In , he took on the lease of Berasia estate and later annexed several territories in the region to establish the Bhopal State. Begum rule Bhopal became a princely state after signing a treaty with the British East India Company in Qudsia Begum was the first woman ruler, who was succeeded by her only daughter Sikandar Begum, who in turn was succeeded by her only daughter, Shahjehan Begum. Sultan Jahan Begum was the last woman ruler who, after 25 years of rule, abdicated in favour of her son, Hamidullah Khan. The rule of Begums gave the city its waterworks, railways, a postal system, and a municipality constituted in After the independence of India in , the last Nawab expressed his wish to retain Bhopal as a separate unit. Agitations against the Nawab broke out in December , leading to the arrest of prominent leaders including Shankar Dayal Sharma. Bhopal disaster Main article: Bhopal disaster On 3 December , a Union Carbide India Limited pesticide plant in Bhopal leaked around 32 tons of toxic gases, including methyl isocyanate MIC gas which led to the worst industrial disaster to date. The official death toll was initially recorded around 4, A Madhya Pradesh government report stated 3, deaths, while other estimates state the fatalities were significantly higher 16, from the accident and the medical complications caused by the accident in the weeks and years that followed. The higher estimates have been challenged. Bhopal is located in the central part of India, and is just north of the upper limit of the Vindhya mountain ranges. Located on the Malwa plateau, it is higher than the north Indian plains and the land rises towards the Vindhya Range to the south. The city has uneven elevation and has small hills within its boundaries. The prominent hills in Bhopal are Idgah hills and Shyamala hills in the northern region, Katara hills in southern region.

## Chapter 2 : Library Resource Finder: Location & Availability for: The black box of Bhopal : a closer look

*The Black Box Of Bhopal has 12 ratings and 1 review. This work reveals little-known facts about the cause of the deadly gas leak from Union Carbide's Bho.*

Early history Bhopal was founded by and named after 11th century Malwa king Bhoja According to folklore, Bhopal was founded in 11th century by the Paramara king Bhoja , who ruled from his capital at Dhar. An alternative theory says that the city is named after another king called Bhupala or Bhupal. In , he took on the lease of Berasia estate and later annexed several territories in the region to establish the Bhopal State. Begum rule Bhopal became a princely state after signing a treaty with the British East India Company in Qudsia Begum was the first woman ruler between , who was succeeded by her granddaughter, Shah Jehan. Between the years , when Shah Jehan was a child, her mother Sikandar only daughter of Qudsia ruled as regent, and was then recognized as ruler in She ruled until , when Shah Jehan succeeded her and was Begum until In , she abdicated in favor of her son, Hamidullah Khan , who ruled until , and was the last of the sovereign Nawabs. The rule of Begums gave the city its waterworks, railways, a postal system, and a municipality constituted in After the independence of India in , the last Nawab expressed his wish to retain Bhopal as a separate unit. Agitations against the Nawab broke out in December , leading to the arrest of prominent leaders including Shankar Dayal Sharma. Bhopal disaster Main article: Bhopal disaster On December , a Union Carbide India Limited pesticide plant in Bhopal leaked around 32 tons of toxic gases, including methyl isocyanate MIC gas which led to the worst industrial disaster to date. The official death toll was initially recorded around 4, A Madhya Pradesh government report stated 3, deaths, while other estimates state the fatalities were significantly higher 16, from the accident and the medical complications caused by the accident in the weeks and years that followed. The higher estimates have been challenged. For the victims, the disaster is still ongoing. But now our research shows 10 more communities are affected due to poor quality of water. It is located in the central part of India, and is just north of the upper limit of the Vindhya mountain ranges. Located on the Malwa plateau, it is higher than the north Indian plains and the land rises towards the Vindhya Range to the south. The city has uneven elevation and has small hills within its boundaries. The prominent hills in Bhopal are Idgah hills and Shyamala hills in the northern region, Katara hills in southern region. Bhopal city is divided into two parts where one part which is near the VIP and lake is old Bhopal north and the other is where mainly malls are situated New bhopal South.

## Chapter 3 : Bhopal | Speedy deletion Wiki | FANDOM powered by Wikia

*The Black Box of Bhopal is a highly researched work that will challenge many of the public's assumptions about the disaster. It reveals new documents related to the construction and operations of the MIC plant and the internal workings of Union Carbide Corporation and its Indian subsidiary.*

## Chapter 4 : Bhopal - Wikipedia

*The Black Box of Bhopal: A Closer Look at the World's Deadliest Industrial Disaster by Themistocles D'Silva (, Paperback) Be the first to write a review.*