

Chapter 1 : /n/ - War Criminal George Soros Funding Pedophile Love Stories Written By Convicted Child M

NAMBLA has published many articles exploring these aesthetic realms. The articles linked below are just a few of these. In time, this section will expand, with more articles both new and old.

Although discussion of gay adult-minor sex did take place, gay rights groups immediately following the Stonewall riot were more concerned with issues of police harassment, nondiscrimination in employment, health care and other issues. Not until a "sex ring" of underage boys brought intense media scrutiny in Boston in the closing weeks of , and police raided the Toronto -area gay newspaper *The Body Politic* for publishing an article by Gerald Hannon titled " Men Loving Boys Loving Men " did the subject of adult-minor sex garner enough attention to prompt the formation of a group like NAMBLA. Twenty-four men were arrested and indicted on over felony counts of the statutory rape of boys aged eight to fifteen. Suffolk County District Attorney Garrett Byrne alleged that the men used drugs and video games to lure the boys into a house, where they photographed them as they engaged in sexual activity. Byrne accused the men of being members of a "sex ring", and said that the arrest was only "the tip of the iceberg. Staff members of the gay newspaper *Fag Rag* believed the raid was politically motivated. On December 9 they organized the Boston-Boise Committee , a name intended as a reference to a similar situation that unfolded in Boise , Idaho in the s. The group sponsored rallies, provided funds for the defendants, and tried to educate the public about the case by passing out fliers. District Attorney Garrett Byrne was defeated in his re-election bid. The new DA said that no man should fear prison for having sex with a teenager unless coercion was involved. All charges were dropped. The few who had already pled or been found guilty received only probation. Only weeks apart in both Judianne Densen-Gerber, founder of the New York drug rehabilitation center *Odyssey House*, and former beauty queen Anita Bryant launched separate campaigns targeting gays. As a result, the age-of-consent issue became a hotly debated topic within the gay community, and disputes over the age of consent issue within and between gay rights groups — many of which directly or indirectly involved NAMBLA — began to occur on an increasingly frequent basis. Disagreement was evident following the conference that organized the first gay march on Washington in . In addition to forming several working committees, the conference was responsible for drafting the basic organizing principles of the march "the five demands" PDF [see p. Originally, the Gay Youth Caucus had won approval for its proposal demanding "Full Rights for Gay Youth, including revision of the age of consent laws. The substitute, authored by an adult lesbian and approved in a mail poll by a majority of delegates, stated: Gay rights organizations, burdened by accusations of child recruitment and child abuse, had abandoned the radicalism of their early years and had "retreat[ed] from the idea of a more inclusive politics," [19] opting instead to appeal more to the mainstream. President Bill Clinton could certify that "no UN agency grants any official status, accreditation, or recognition to any organization which promotes, condones, or seeks the legalization of pedophilia, that is, the sexual abuse of children". The bill was unanimously approved by Congress and signed into law by Clinton in April . ILGA had passed a resolution in which stated that "young people have the right to sexual and social self-determination and that age of consent laws often operate to oppress and not to protect. They are not part of our community and we thoroughly reject their efforts to insinuate that pedophilia is an issue related to gay and lesbian civil rights. Its principal place of business is New York, and its primary mechanisms of public outreach include its *Bulletin*, a quarterly publication sent to dues-paying members He did not act alone but rather under the supervision of the Steering Committee in producing these publications and in holding himself out as a NAMBLA spokesman. Opponents also argue that pre- pubescent children in particular are not capable of giving consent and that the power imbalance between adults and children makes any sexual relationship exploitative. Postal Service to conduct investigations of the group, both of which concluded without allegations of legal impropriety. NAMBLA responds to the criticism that it is a "front for criminal and sexual exploitation of children" and that it advocates sex between men and boys by stating unequivocally that "NAMBLA does not engage in any activities that violate the law, nor do we advocate that anyone else should do so". NAMBLA rejects the widely held view that sex between adults and minors is always harmful, arguing that "the outcomes of personal

experiences between adults and younger people primarily depend upon whether their relationships were consensual. Califia says that although the gay rights mainstream never committed itself to NAMBLA or its platform, neither did it actively ostracise NAMBLA until opponents of gay rights used the group to link gay rights with child abuse and "recruitment. One such statement was made by gay rights lobbyist Steve Endean. Our movement cannot survive the man-boy issue. Seven men were charged with planning to travel to Mexico to have sex with boys, the FBI said. An eighth man was charged with distributing child pornography. Roy Radow, a self-described pedophile and member of the NAMBLA Steering Committee sometimes described as its chairman or spokesman, was arrested in for masturbating in front of a year old boy. The trial ended in a hung jury. He was arrested in and was subsequently convicted of sexually assaulting an year-old boy he was babysitting. He was arrested and convicted on child pornography charges. In his sentencing, the court stated that Tampico was a member of NAMBLA, and that he and others frequently traveled to Thailand to have easy access to young boys. The court cited a number of Polaroid pictures provided by Thai officials depicting Tampico with young Thai boys sitting on his lap as evidence of the latter claim. Parker, a New York man who, according to court records, told the police that he was a member of NAMBLA, was arrested in and convicted in of committing sodomy with a young boy. Horowitz, an Orthodox Rabbi and adolescent psychiatrist, pleaded guilty in of sodomizing three boys ages seven to nine, and molesting one girl, aged He had previously been convicted of molesting two boys in John Reinstein, the director of the ACLU Massachusetts, said that although NAMBLA "may extol conduct which is currently illegal", there was nothing on its website that "advocated or incited the commission of any illegal acts, including murder or rape". As of April the wrongful death cases were still being considered by a Massachusetts federal court, with the American Civil Liberties Union assisting the defendants on the grounds that the suit violated their First Amendment rights to free speech. In his private life he was a tenured physics teacher at the elite Bronx High School of Science , where he had taught for over three decades. The school district knew of his membership in NAMBLA in but did not act as mere membership was not an adequate cause for discipline. The report states that Melzer had personally expressed a sexual interest in boys up to age 16, and that he had written about having acted on those desires. The report also asserts that, while he was editor, the NAMBLA Bulletin printed instructions for seducing young boys and avoiding law enforcement along with sensual accounts of sexual encounters between adults and minors. Further, the investigators claim not to find any significant attempts by NAMBLA to advocate for changing the age of consent laws, and claim that the self-definition of advocacy group is a misleading attempt by NAMBLA to cover itself with a political purpose. Melzer was removed as a school teacher, but no criminal charges were filed in connection with the matter. The case went as far as the federal appeals court, which affirmed the dismissal of Melzer in After hearing a child in the background, Roberts convinced Brown to clarify that he was a father. A little over one week and five days later, child protective services seized his 2-year-old son, citing an expired conviction for possession of child pornography and his alleged "support [of] the sexual exploitation of minor children. Detectives in Law And Order: NAMBLA was featured in episode of South Park where Cartman is ostracised from his friends, and decides to try to make new, older, "mature" friends on the internet.

Chapter 2 : North American Man/Boy Love Association - Wikipedia

Social history tells the stories of everyday folk and their societies and cultures as they develop and change through time. Woven through many of these stories are the stories of man/boy love. Woven through many of these stories are the stories of man/boy love.

Delany Then I began to feel bad for not asking Chip Delany about this. In the s, he was one of a small number of writers who made me believe fantasy and science fiction could be both great fun and great art. When he was the guest of honor at the Fourth Street Fantasy Convention, he was charming and learned and pretty much everything anyone could want in a guest of honor. I believe we should be able to talk about things which are taboo—what reveals our nature is not what we say, but what we do. This is especially true of storytellers, who regularly write about things they would never do. So I wrote Chip, which began a discussion that moved between Facebook messages and email. He has agreed to share it. What follows is a version that I lightly edited for clarity. I hope you will clarify your statement sometime. I met Paul when he was a 17 or year-old-child prodigy editor of Crawdaddy Magazine , for whom I wrote three or four articles. We never particularly spoke about Breen. I never knew there was anything to speak about. My friendship with Paul continued throughout his life, until his death several years back. But I got the impression from others who knew him that the gossip about Breen, especially in the first years I knew Paul well before Stonewall , whether Breen was gay or straight, was a tempest in teapot. But, again, I never knew Breen or saw him in my life. At that time, it was a smart, well-written, and well thought-out gay rights newsletter. The way children were treated in these situations, immediately removed from their homes, placed in public institutions, given no counseling when they were most vulnerable and most in need of emotional support, was not a pretty picture. At the time I made my comment, c. I had my first sexual experience with an adult when I was six, with a local Harlem building superintendent. And nothing hurtful happened at all. It would have been cruel and unusual punishment to incarcerate him for it. Most of our supposed gay leaders are afraid to do anything with them. They are willing to take the risks that no one is willing to take They are the voice of dissent in the gay movement today. I say, watch out, tomorrow that whipping boy could be you I said and still maintain that 20 years ago it was an intelligent and highly thoughtful institution. In , someone with some connection to NAMBLA killed a ten-year-old boy, which resulted in a law suit in , and the publicity may have effectively destroyed the group. Whatever it may have been when you were reading the newsletter is no more. That said, I appreciate your response. One size fits all is never the way to handle any situation with a human dimension. Many, many children—and I was one of them—are desperate to establish some sort of sexual relation with an older and even adult figure. Today, all such relationships are so completely demonized as to destroy souls and psyches on both sides of the purely arbitrary year-old divide. All you have to do is talk to people on both sides to see it. Naturam expellas furca, tamen usque recurrit, wrote the Roman poet Horace more than a decade before the birth of Christ. Drive nature out with a pitchfork, and she will hurry back, and break through your barriers the next line goes on the victress. The current attitude toward pedophilia is a tragic attempt to drive nature out with a pitchfork, and at this point it is a self-reinforcing tragedy, encouraging the worst and punishing the best by making no distinctions at all, as such enterprises tend to become. I give my graduate students Chapter Five when we are doing anything about the history of sex, and their mouths fall open. Adults hurting children is my notion of a bad thing, whether it is through corporal punishment or in any other way. Children hurting children is equally bad. Pain is not a good teaching tool. But if someone is hurt, I think they have to be able—child or adult—to identify the pain involved. But Paul Williams—as heterosexual a young man as you could ever want to find—ran away from home at 13 and stayed with Walter Breen for three? And nothing else happened. And they were real bruises, too! I think her father had scared himself to death, when he realized what he had done. He consented to her staying with us for a week with no argument. And parents do and did scare themselves sometimes. To expand just a little on the tale I told you in the last part of this, when I was six, my own father who used to beat me regularly and very hard, also scared himself out of physical punishment, and stopped it cold right then and there. He was one very frightened man, and never hit me again.

That was simply the way his personality was set up. But kids need to be protected from things like that. I mean, listen to the late comedian George Carlin: To be punched in the jaw? Or have your dick sucked until you came? That goes for children and adults too. Do you remember a Heinlein juvenile, in which one of the minor adolescent characters divorced her parents, because she brought a suite against them in court and won? I read that as a twelve or thirteen year old and it probably prevented me from an attempt at suicide. And neither men nor women raised an eyebrow, much less a word, against these notions, as they left congratulating the Father on his intelligent and thoughtful sermon. People rarely say them today. Yes, I would like to believe that things are in general better for most kids, but they certainly are not for all. The most stable gay relationship in my young adulthoodâ€”and I was married at 19, and my wife was 18â€”was two men who had gotten together at 17 and 19 in Philadelphia, and were still a functioning couple ten years later, in New York, in the Lower East Side: I write about them in the Motion of Light in Water; and some of their early stories provided models in this century for Through the Valley of the Next of Spiders. This is where NAMBLA started from, rather than starting from some idealized notion of what could or should beâ€”which is the way I feel the best fiction and the best politics should work. I wrote this in response to your first message: I used to think art which includes jokes revealed truths. Now I think art reveals beliefs. The choice is not between the blow and the blowjob. You tell of two men who mixed love in their treatment of you when you were a boy. One gave you something you interpreted as pleasure. In neither case was the choice yours. The federal age of consent is eighteen, but the most common state age of consent is sixteen. Argue that legal consent should be eliminated, and your argument will sound predatory to me. Children should be educated about everything, including violence and sex, which does not mean they should be treated violently or sexually. And I wrote this after your second message: Nor does it have anything to do with the idea that children must be the slaves of their guardians. I also read that Heinlein novel and also agreed that children should be able to divorce their parents. And I dislike bringing the law into sex because I agree every situation is different, Some thirteen-year-olds are more mature than most adults. But without the law, every adult who wanted to have sex with a child would be free to try to coerce children into sex. I did a little googling, and William Saletan has an article I generally agree with. While he only uses heterosexual examples, what he says should apply to same-sex laws too: Simply because I have read so many of these articles in the past, I can give you the critique it would have been immediately subjected to in the NAMBLA news letters of the 90s if it had appeared back then. Start by trying to picture the incarcerated population. The jail-house reality, however, is that you will have a incarcerated population of four or five older male pedophiles and 45 horny teenage males, in their late teens or early twenties. Because human males are wired in the way they are and we have all known they are since the Kinsey Report on Sexual Behavior in the Human Male, twenty-to-forty percent of that population will be more or less amenable to sex with other guys, since there are no women available. Neither in jail nor on the street are you throwing a few horny teenager in with a lot of pedophiles; in both situations you are throwing a few pedophiles in with a lot of horny teenagers. The only way to discuss the situation at all intelligently and efficiently is to dismantle entirely the demonic notion of the pedophile that we have put together. I applaud his intentions. There was a time, Will, when such things happened, if however rarely, in this country. I can remember a PBS show on the psychology of rape in the late seventies, where three repeat rapists were interviewed in a series that ran over several days. What I learned about these guys was astonishing. This was the intellectual attitude that impelled the country to abolish the death penalty. Now the death penalty is back. It costs five million dollars to execute anyone anywhere in the countryâ€”at least it did about ten years ago. Today it probably costs more. The guy who wrote that article is not even trying to re-invent the wheel. And the idea that the law treats the victims notably better than it treats the offenders means you are naive and have no experience of the court systems and its attempts to deal with the youngâ€”especially children who are seen, by their parents, by the police, or by their community, as involved in something illegal or immoral. The absolute blanket on all communication between the child and the offenders can often be incredibly difficult and painful for the childâ€”especially if there is some real feeling involved, which for better or worse, often there can be. Once I talked to an eighteen year old woman, who, when she was twelve, had a sexual relationship with a year-old boy that had gone on all summer, who was deeply scarred because it was brought

to an abrupt end by authorities and he was never allowed to speak to her again at the threat of losing his job; at twelve, she was confused and shattered by his behavior, and only later realized he was terrified too. Yes, sometimes children are abducted and tied up in cellars or attics and used hideously.

Chapter 3 : Nothing to Celebrate in LGBT History | Scott Lively Ministries

Description. A war between good and evil is waged on the streets of America every day. Bob Hamer has been on the frontlines of many crucial battles in that war.

Effective Counseling and Treatment for Sex Offenders Ray Anderson A plethora of counseling and treatment options exist for the treatment of sex offenders. But which ones are effective? This presentation will focus upon counseling and treatment methods that have been found to be both ineffective and effective as well as the reasons why. How to Successfully Challenge Residency Restrictions Laura Arnold Residency restrictions often prohibit sex offenders from living with their loved ones, whether family members or friends, and can result in homelessness. These restrictions can also have the effect of banishing any sex offender from living in a city or county. The focus of this presentation will be methods that can be used to effectively challenge and eliminate residency restrictions. Methods include, but are not limited to, legal challenges. A key and successful challenge in the County of San Diego will be discussed that utilized these methods in the case *In re Taylor*, which is now under review by the California Supreme Court. Registered Traveler Virginia Hall This presentation will focus on the challenges faced by registrants when traveling domestically or internationally. Freedom of movement across frontiers in either direction, and inside frontiers as well, is a part of our heritage. Freedom of movement is basic in our scheme of values. Yet, a great deal of misinformation, disinformation and down right B. The presentation will break down the congressional response to the widespread use of the Internet to acquire images and the manner in which the guidelines treat the types of images and the number of images when determining the risk posed by the offender to either re-offend or to progress to a hands-on offense. The presentation will discuss academic and judicial criticism of the guidelines and proposals currently before Congress to change various aspects of the law. Can Courts Bring Down the Registry? This workshop seeks to explain the specific role of our trial courts and appellate courts, and the limits of judicial power. Using a question-and-answer format, we will seek to educate advocates about the various types of appellate review and the applicable standards of review to overturn a trial court. Some audience questions will be included but this workshop is not dealing with individual cases. Andrew Extein This workshop explores the relationship between LGBTQ communities, sex offenders, and their advocates, as well as argues why all of these groups would benefit from collaboration and empathy. Group dialogue is an important element of this workshop. What do I say? Who do I bring? What can I hope to accomplish? The saying goes "look to the end from the beginning. There are many variables and dynamics that come to play in planning for reentry. Laws change daily, and the world with it. Add to this dynamic all the emotional and physical demands of being labeled an outcast. Overcoming Reentry Barriers brings insight, wisdom and hope for successful reentry. Overcoming Reentry Barriers will educate and stimulate forward thinking, relieving the anxiety of future challenges by helping attendees to see obstacles as opportunities. By preparing for the future before release, those coming out, and those waiting for them, will be better equipped to deal with personal and public issues. This workshop will be interactive and audience-involved, to attempt to dispel many of the myths and misunderstandings regarding just what SORNA is, and what it means for all those affected by these requirements. Attendees will gain a basic legal understanding of SORNA and be able to ask questions about, and gain a better understanding of SORNA myths and facts, in order to provide for more accurate information when advocating against registration. This topic is one of importance because, as advocates, accurate information is pivotal in accomplishing our tasks. There are many myths and misunderstandings surrounding just exactly what SORNA is, what its reach and scope are, and what the legal ramifications and outlooks are. We chose this topic to bring a multitude of information sources into one interactive workshop that will provide a forum for the many questions floating out there around this subject. Registrants Who Speak Up Chance Oberstein, Frank Lindsey, Larry Neely This panel will highlight registrants who have showed up, stood up and spoken up regarding one or more sex offender issues often at great personal risk. As such, they are pioneers who are creating a path for others to follow. State leaders will address organization, membership, and fundraising as well as education, legislation and litigation. We have a wealth of experience to share with each

other and with every person who attends the conference. Our hope is to inspire those currently in leadership positions within RSOL or who are considering such a role. Sex Offender Myth Busters Derek Logue This presentation addresses the origin and use of sex offender myths in popular culture and how we can address them when dealing with the public. The goals are to help advocates and professionals understand identify and understand the sources of popular myths, and give them the tools to address these myths when they arise. Supreme Court ruled in that the requirement to register as a sex offender is an administrative requirement and not punishment. The decision has allowed states, counties, and cities to pass laws and apply them retroactively that limit where a registrant can live, visit and recreate. This single decision has harmed hundreds of thousands of registrants and their families. Key objectives are 1 to educate attendees regarding the U. Supreme Court decision and its impact upon registrants and their families and 2 advocate for what is needed to overturn that decision in our lifetime. Volunteer Recruitment and Retention David M. Gailbreath Volunteers are an integral part of the operations of many non-profits, and these organizations could not achieve their missions without the assistance of volunteers. Volunteer recruitment and retention is a high priority. We have a difficult pool of volunteers from which to choose when dealing with registrants; therefore it becomes even more important to have effective volunteer management strategies in place. This workshop should enable attendees to come away with a working knowledge of modern recruitment practices and tools to bring in volunteers when needed. Attendees will also gain a working knowledge of practices and programs that will allow for the effective management and retention of volunteers in a non-profit capacity. Why have sex offender laws become so repressive in the last 20 years? Have these laws made communities safer? Are taxpayers getting what they are paying for? How can we stop new laws which are irresponsible and counter-productive? How can we be proactive in trying to amend or repeal bad sex offender laws? Landon is a J. He served as the chair of the Board of Directors for Community Connection Resource Center from the inception of the organization in until its closure in He and his co-author have a website at www. Featured Speakers Catherine L. Sexual Offense Laws and Constitutionality Carpenter will explore the spiraling nature of sexual offense laws and the lack of constitutional foundations underpinning them, touching on adult and juvenile offenders and the irrationality of strict liability offenses. Professor Catherine Carpenter, the Irving D. Kline will offer suggestions on to correct them. Kline has worked in psychiatric hospitals and forensic settings since As an independent forensic psychologist specializing in risk assessment and evaluation of sexual offenders. Kline currently handles competency evaluations and sanity at the time of the offense, and provides expert testimony throughout the state of Florida. She recently submitted legislative proposals for an offender transitional housing program and a conditional release program. Clare Ann Ruth-Heffelbower, D. Restorative Justice and Sexual Offenders Ruth-Heffelbower will give an overview of restorative justice principles with a focus on Circles of Support and Accountability COSA , which is an evidence-based restorative justice program. The story of COSA will be shared to illustrate the power that support and accountability has in helping released sex offenders live productive and responsible lives, creating a safer community. It has formed Circles for more than 45 sex offenders reentering the community. COSA in Fresno works with state parolees, federal probationers, and individuals released from civil commitment. Clare Ann has served as a pastor, administrator and board member. Clare Ann has provided leadership for organizations both in North America and in Indonesia and has worked in partnership with other organizations in community development. She has led organizations through significant transitions and has served as a consultant for organizations at times of change or when they are in conflict. Clare Ann has taught on both the graduate and undergraduate level, as well as trained many individuals in volunteer organizations. She has extensive counseling and mentoring experience, working with people both individually and in small groups. I am Adam White, I take no Prisoners. Never miss a new post, sign up for E-Mail alerts at the bottom of the Home page and get a link dropped right to your in-box. We are making such material available to our readers under the provisions of "fair use" in an effort to advance a better understanding of political, economic and social issues. The material on this site is distributed without profit to those who have expressed a prior interest in receiving it for research and educational purposes. If you wish to use copyrighted material for purposes other than "fair use" you must request permission from the copyright owner. Share, print or email this!

Chapter 4 : NAMBLA - Encyclopedia Dramatica

NAMBLA is the North American Man/Boy Love Association, a group that advocates for the legalization of sex between men and boys, and an end to all "age of consent" laws. Hay, who died on October 24, at age 90, formed the first American homosexual activist group, the Mattachine Society, in

In addition to supporting the repeal of age of consent laws, NAMBLA has also opposed corporal punishment, rape, and kidnapping, and has declared that sexual exploitation is grounds for expulsion from the group. Although discussion of gay adult-minor sex did take place, gay rights groups immediately following the Stonewall Riot were more concerned with issues of police harassment, nondiscrimination in employment, health care and other areas. Not until a "sex ring" of underage boys brought intense media scrutiny in Boston in the closing weeks of , and police closed down the Toronto-area gay newspaper *The Body Politic* for publishing an article titled [http: Twenty-four men were arrested and indicted on over felony counts, including child pornography and statutory rape of boys aged eight to fifteen.](http://) Suffolk County District Attorney Garrett Byrne alleged that the men used drugs and video games to lure the boys into a house, where they photographed them as they engaged in sexual activity. Byrne accused the men of being members of a "sex ring", and said that the arrest was only "the tip of the iceberg. Staff members of the gay newspaper *Fag Rag* believed the raid was politically motivated. On December 9, they organized the Boston-Boise Committee, a name intended as a reference to a similar situation that unfolded in Boise, Idaho in the s. The group sponsored rallies, provided funds for the defendants, and tried to educate the public about the case by passing out fliers. District Attorney Garrett Byrne was defeated in his re-election bid. The new DA said that no man should fear prison for having sex with a teenager unless coercion was involved. All charges were dropped. The few who had already pled or been found guilty received only probation. Ostracism Some gay rights groups immediately following "Stonewall Inn", perceived age-of-consent laws as governmental tools to suppress homosexual behavior rather than as the safeguards against the sexual abuse of small children that they claimed to be. For example, in the state of Massachusetts, "Lawrence v. Texas", the age of consent for heterosexual couples was as low as 13 with parental approval but was 18 for homosexual men. A "Gay Rights Platform" [http: The GAA](http://) opposed age of consent laws and had hosted a forum on the topic in The Canadian Lesbian and Gay Rights Coalition also supported eliminating the existing age-of-consent laws. The relative acceptance or indifference to opposition of the age-of-consent began to change at the same time as accusations that gays were child pornographers and child molesters became common. Judianne Densen-Gerber, founder of the New York drug rehabilitation center *Odyssey House*, argued that gays were responsible for child pornography. In former beauty queen Anita Bryant staked a similar position, starting the "Save Our Children" campaign. As a result, the age-of-consent issue became a hotly debated topic within the gay community, and disputes over the age of consent issue within and between gay rights groups -- many of which directly or indirectly involved NAMBLA -- began to occur on an increasingly frequent basis. Disagreement was evident following the conference that organized the first gay march on Washington in The substitute, authored by an adult lesbian and approved in a mail poll by a majority of delegates, stated: Gay rights organizations, burdened by accusations of child recruitment and child abuse, had abandoned the radicalism of their early years and had "retreat[ed] from the idea of a more inclusive politics," opting instead to appeal more to the mainstream. President Bill Clinton could certify that "no UN agency grants any official status, accreditation, or recognition to any organization which promotes, condones, or seeks the legalization of pedophilia, that is, the sexual abuse of children". The bill was unanimously approved by Congress and signed into law by Clinton in April ILGA had passed a resolution in which stated that "young people have the right to sexual and social self-determination and that age of consent laws often operate to oppress and not to protect. They are not part of our community and we thoroughly reject their efforts to insinuate that pedophilia is an issue related to gay and lesbian civil rights. Its principal place of business is New York, and its primary mechanisms of public outreach include its *Bulletin*, a quarterly publication sent to dues-paying members He did not act alone but rather under the supervision of the Steering Committee in producing these publications and in holding himself

out as a NAMBLA spokesman. The full text of these documents can be seen here. Today More recently, media reports have suggested that for practical purposes the group no longer exists and that it consists only of a web site maintained by a few enthusiasts. Criticism and response Gay groups, Christian groups, anti-sexual abuse organizations, law enforcement agencies and other critics see NAMBLA as a front for the criminal sexual exploitation of children. Postal Service to conduct investigations of the group, both of which concluded without allegations of legal impropriety. NAMBLA responds to the criticism that it is a "front for criminal and sexual exploitation of children" and that it advocates sex between men and boys by stating unequivocally that "NAMBLA does not engage in any activities that violate the law, nor do we advocate that anyone else should do so". NAMBLA rejects the widely held view that sex between adults and minors is always harmful, arguing that "the outcomes of personal experiences between adults and younger people primarily depend upon whether their relationships were consensual,". Radicals like Pat Califia [http: Califia](http://) says that although the gay rights mainstream never committed itself to NAMBLA or its platform, neither did it actively ostracise NAMBLA until opponents of gay rights used the group to link gay rights with child abuse and "recruitment. One such statement was made by gay rights lobbyist Steve Endean. Our movement cannot survive the man-boy issue. With the outbreak of the Roman Catholic Church sex abuse scandal in , this practice intensified. Critics of such organizations have pointed to statistics from national professional associations, such as the American Psychological Association and the Child Welfare League of America, which indicate that there is no correlation between homosexuality and child abuse. Seven men were charged with planning to travel to Mexico to have sex with boys, the FBI said. An eighth man was charged with distributing child pornography. According to a media report [http:](http://)

Chapter 5 : NAMBLA Â» Americans for Truth

The North American Man/Boy Love Association (NAMBLA) is a pedophilia and pederasty advocacy organization in the United States. It works to abolish age-of-consent laws criminalizing adult sexual involvement with minors and campaigns for the release of men who have been jailed for sexual contacts with minors that did not involve coercion.

Edit NAMBLA describes itself as a "support group for inter-generational relationships," and uses the slogan "sexual freedom for all. NAMBLA by parents, for allegedly encouraging the rape and murder of their son, [8] NAMBLA has opposed corporal punishment, rape, and kidnapping, and has declared that sexual exploitation is grounds for expulsion from the group. Although discussion of gay adult-minor sex did take place, gay rights groups immediately following the Stonewall riot were more concerned with issues of police harassment, nondiscrimination in employment, health care and other issues. Not until a "sex ring" of underage boys brought intense media scrutiny in Boston in the closing weeks of , and police raided the Toronto-area gay newspaper The Body Politic for publishing an article by Gerald Hannon titled " Men Loving Boys Loving Men " did the subject of adult-minor sex garner enough attention to prompt the formation of a group like NAMBLA. Twenty-four men were arrested and indicted on over felony counts of the statutory rape of boys aged eight to fifteen. Suffolk County District Attorney Garrett Byrne found that the men used drugs and video games to lure the boys into a house, where they photographed them as they engaged in sexual activity. The men were members of a "sex ring", and said that the arrest was only "the tip of the iceberg. Staff members of the homosexual newspaper Fag Rag believed the raid was politically motivated. On December 9 they organized the Boston-Boise Committee, a name intended as a reference to a similar situation that unfolded in Boise, Idaho in the s. The group sponsored rallies, provided funds for the defendants, and tried to educate the public about the case by passing out fliers. District Attorney Garrett Byrne was defeated in his re-election bid. The new DA said that no man should fear prison for having sex with a teenager unless coercion was involved. All charges were dropped. The few who had already pled or been found guilty received only probation. In addition to forming several working committees, the conference was responsible for drafting the basic organizing principles of the march "the five demands" Flyer for March on Washington [see p. Originally, the Gay Youth Caucus had won approval for its proposal demanding "Full Rights for Gay Youth, including revision of the age of consent laws. The substitute, authored by an adult lesbian and approved in a mail poll by a majority of delegates, stated: Gay rights organizations, burdened by accusations of child recruitment and child abuse, had abandoned the radicalism of their early years and had "retreated from the idea of a more inclusive politics," [12] opting instead to appeal more to the mainstream. President Bill Clinton could certify that "no UN agency grants any official status, accreditation, or recognition to any organization which promotes, condones, or seeks the legalization of pedophilia, that is, the sexual abuse of children". The bill was unanimously approved by Congress and signed into law by Clinton in April ILGA had passed a resolution in which stated that "young people have the right to sexual and social self-determination and that age of consent laws often operate to oppress and not to protect. The group exercises consultative status with the European Commission. They are not part of our community and we thoroughly reject their efforts to insinuate that pedophilia is an issue related to gay and lesbian civil rights. NAMBLA was established as an unincorporated association in to encourage public acceptance of consensual sexual relationships between men and boys. Its principal place of business is New York, and its primary mechanisms of public outreach include its Bulletin, a quarterly publication sent to dues-paying members The Steering Committee, through several of its members, also formed "Zymurgy, Inc. He did not act alone but rather under the supervision of the Steering Committee in producing these publications and in holding himself out as a NAMBLA spokesman. In addition to the financial support and supervision provided by the full Steering Committee, the content of the Bulletin was guided by the "Bulletin Collective," an editorial board comprising NAMBLA members from across the country who contributed and edited articles, screened photos and pictures, and participated in coordinating the production and distribution of the publication. Today Edit More recently, media reports have suggested that for practical purposes the group no longer exists and that it consists only of a web site maintained by a few

enthusiasts. Criticism and response Edit Some anti-child abuse groups, Christian groups, Jewish groups, anti-pedophilia organizations, anti-sexual abuse organizations, law enforcement agencies and other critics see NAMBLA as a front for the criminal sexual exploitation of children. Opponents also argue that pre-pubescent children in particular are not capable of giving consent and that the power imbalance between adults and children makes any sexual relationship exploitative. NAMBLA rejects the widely held view that sex between adults and minors is always harmful, arguing that "the outcomes of personal experiences between adults and younger people primarily depend upon whether their relationships were consensual. Califia says that although the gay rights mainstream never committed itself to NAMBLA or its platform, neither did it actively ostracize NAMBLA until opponents of gay rights used the group to link gay rights with child abuse and "recruitment. One such statement was made by gay rights lobbyist Steve Endean. Our movement cannot survive the man-boy issue.

Chapter 6 : Music and Dance

The episode from was called "Cartman joins NAMBLA," and the title refers to a hilarious mixup between the real NAMBLA and another "NAMBLA," the North American Marlon Brando Look-Alikes.

Starting now in Massachusetts. Their goal is to force it into schools nationwide. The LGBT teachers conference brought in techniques that activists can use to expedite that process around the country. The homosexual movement is organizing and strategizing to achieve their latest goal in the schools. By making it part of the school curriculum -- with lectures, exams, term papers, etc. Thus, students would never question its legitimacy -- and legitimacy is an obsessive goal of the homosexual movement. In considering the possibilities, [the teacher] described potential lesson plans featuring rumored gay authors such as William Shakespeare and Walt Whitman and famous court cases involving gay defendants like that of Lawrence v. This link is from the MassResistance blog " which Google still partially blocks! But the goal has always been mandating it across the country. This handout at the workshop shows some of the LGBT activists over the years that they intend to portray as heroic "historical figures" to schoolchildren. This onerous law was the result of a well-crafted campaign by the homosexual lobby, spearheaded by a homosexual activist state legislator, and actively supported by the liberal press. This was such an abrupt change that Grades K-8 have been given until July 1, to comply, but high schools are required to move as fast as possible. Strategies to do it. The room was full. And they are taking steps to push this statewide and eventually nationwide. Some of the messages in the video, which Fowler also talked about are: Kids need to know they have a gay teacher. The teacher was uneasy about coming out to students, but did anyway. The world is evolving and changing. The final step was the Lowell School Committee. At the November 20, meeting she arranged to have the necessary items on the agenda, and she packed the room with supporters. The two petitions were presented to the Mayor, superintendent, and members of the School Committee to sign themselves, which they all did. All their agenda items were passed unanimously. Thus, the following was accomplished by Fowler and her activists: The photo was circulated on LGBT education sites. One important thing she told the group: You have the power! You can also download it here. National group has already prepared LGBT history curriculum The homosexual movement is not leaving anything to chance. GSEN is very serious about supplying your schools with "gay" history. At the workshop, GLSEN passed out some materials, and they have been posting much more on their website.

Chapter 7 : Schools Teach LGBT History Month with Agenda-Driven Lessons - Liberty Headlines

Journalism, the old cliché goes, is the first draft of history. Unfortunately, it rarely gets through rewrites before it hits the classroom. Yesterday's headlines often look a bit silly when viewed through a microfiche, and.

Chapter 8 : NAMBLA-gate, Part One

NAMBLA is an organization trying to legalize pedophilia. Another Cernovich hater caught with the pedophile stuff. A HISTORY LESSON How George Soros Came To Be.

Chapter 9 : North American Man/Boy Love Association - Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

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