

**Chapter 1 : A Century of War by William Engdahl**

*A Century of War Anglo-American Oil Politics and the New World Order Revised Edition William Engdahl Pluto P Press LONDON € ANN ARBOR, MI Engdahl 00 pre iii 24/8/04 am.*

In this short interview F. A major new technology known as Gene Editing has gained significant attention in recent months. Its advocates claim it will revolutionize everything from agriculture production to disease treatment. None other than Bill Gates has just come out in an article in the US foreign policy magazine Foreign Affairs in praise of the promise of gene editing. Yet a closer investigation suggests that all is not so ideal with Gene Editing. New peer reviewed studies suggest it could cause cancer. The question is whether this technology, which is highly controversial, is little more than a stealth way to introduce GMO genetic manipulation by way of another technique. Genes out of the bottle The issue of gene editing to cut or modify DNA of a plant, animal or potentially human beings is by no means mature let alone fully tested or proven safe as the two new studies suggest. The technique also has significant problems. It has been shown repeatedly that only a small minority of cells into which CRISPR is introduced, usually by a virus, actually have their genomes edited as intended. In China scientists used human embryos given by donors of embryos that could not have resulted in a live birth, to edit a specific gene. The results were a bad failure as the tested cells failed to contain the intended genetic material. Lead researcher Jungiu Huang told Nature. The scientist who first suggested developing gene drives in gene editing, Harvard biologist Kevin Esvelt has publicly warned that development of gene editing in conjunction with gene drive technologies have alarming potential to go awry. He notes how often CRISPR messes up and the likelihood of protective mutations arising, making even benign gene drives aggressive. The Department of Agriculture has decided that genetically edited plants are like plants with naturally occurring mutations and thus require no special regulations and raise no special safety concerns, despite all contrary indications. In the article Gates argues that CRISPR and other gene-editing techniques should be used globally to meet growing demand for food and to improve disease prevention, particularly for malaria. Gates and his foundation are not at all neutral in the area of Gene Editing and definitely not in the related highly controversial Gene Drive applications. Emerging Ag has recruited some 60 biology researchers including from Bayer Crop Sciences to promote the high-risk gene drive technology. Honest scientific research is of course legitimate and necessary. But unregulated experimentation with technologies that could wipe out entire species is definitely not the same as planting a variety of hybrid corn.

**Chapter 2 : F. William Engdahl (Author of A Century Of War)**

*A Century of War: Anglo-American Oil Politics and the New World Order [William F Engdahl] on theinnatdunvilla.com*  
*\*FREE\* shipping on qualifying offers. Control the oil and you control entire nations, said Kissinger.*

September 11, F. It has nothing to do with faked allegations of US election interference; it has nothing to do with poorly-staged false flag poisoning of the Russian Skripals. It revealed a bit more honesty apparently than the US State Department wanted, because they quickly sanitized their published version on the department website. Then he continues with the following extraordinary admission: It continues to be among the foremost national security interests of the United States to prevent the domination of the Eurasian landmass by hostile powers. Because it was formal testimony presented to the Senate, however, the Senate version remains true to his original text, at least of 7 September, The State Department has been caught in a huge blunder. Mitchell earlier cites the two dominant powers who combined, he says, are the current prime foe of US global control. Eurasia is their land space. Both nations are energetically moving, despite repeated Western economic warfare, to build their economic infrastructure independent of NATO control. But Mitchell admits it is for Washington Casus Belli. To realize what a strategic blunder the Assistant Secretary of State for Europe and Eurasian Affairs made with that one careless sentence and why the State Department rushed to delete his remarks, a brief excursion into basic Anglo-American geopolitical doctrine is useful. Here, discussion of the worldview of the godfather of geopolitics, British geographer Sir Halford Mackinder is essential. In a speech before the Royal Geographical Society in London, Mackinder, a firm advocate of Empire, presented what is arguably one of the most influential documents in world foreign policy of the past two hundred years since the Battle of Waterloo. Sea power versus Land power. This ring of dominant sea-powers was inaccessible to any threat from land powers of Eurasia or Euro-Asia as he termed the vast continent. At the time, Ukraine was the prime energy pipeline link feeding the German industry with Russian gas. German exports of everything from machine tools to cars to high-speed locomotives to build the rapidly-recovering Russian economy was transforming the geopolitical balance of power in favor of an emerging German-Russian-centered Eurasia to the detriment of Washington. This would be an alliance of German technology and capital with Russian natural and human resources. That coup forced Russia to take more seriously its potential strategic alliances in Eurasia and catalyzed present Russia-China cooperation as well as the Russian engagement with key Eurasian neighbor states in the Shanghai Cooperation Organization. She gave the Washington game away.

Chapter 3 : F. William Engdahl, Author at Archives | Veterans Today

*Engdahl has some far fetched accusations as he strings his economic history of the exploitation of oil by the Anglo-Americans. He indulges in guilt by association but he connects the dots in a compelling You won't know what to believe anymore after reading this book.*

A Princeton graduate, geopolitical analyst, professor and lecturer. Join them as they wade through murky waters clouded by the pollution of thinks tanks for the military industrial complex, Donald Trump, The Clintons, the shadow governments enlisting armed forces to install puppet regimes, the pillaging of natural resources and the destruction of anyone standing between the Elite and supreme power. In , an article was written by Henry Luce , editor, and publisher of Time and Life magazines declared the dawn of the American Century. Armed with the blueprint by geopolitician Karl Haushofer and his imperialistic plan for Nazi domination, Lebensraum , a plan was set in motion to become the new reigning hegemon 4: As these regions become destabilized, and control of oil pipelines becomes increasingly uncertain the geopolitical powers are shifting They continue their conversation by discussing the western opposition of Shanghai Corporation Organization: This protection would extend to the heavily Islamic areas of central Asia, and areas most vulnerable to the extremist template used by the CIA and the Muslim Brotherhood. They examine Trump, the failing Bush and Clinton agendas and their desperate attempts to stop the decline of the US sphere of influence and hegemony of the US dollar: Bush they have helped stay the course through military interventions and failed coups. While we enter a new paradigm of a more enlightened public, the theme of The Lost Hegemon becomes ever more apparent, while the attempts of global manipulation are showing signs of cracking. A recent example of oligarchs grasping at straws is most evident when examining US intervention under the Obama administration in Syria and Libya and its unbridled actions in preventing the creation of a unified currency region. Follow them through the newest shift of alliances in the blossoming bromance between Israel and Russia: As alliances are changing and the landscape becomes harder to manipulate, oligarchs are taking drastic measures to save the failing agenda: Neocon military war-hawks looking to keep the economy afloat, are working to create conflict with Russia and China. While the economy is in shambles and the US faces a major infrastructure deficit, the decline of the Western hegemon has begun. Taking a total left turn the conversation shifts to the Jesuits and their influential order: Lead by Pope Francis, the first Jesuit pope they continue their campaign as Vatican assassins cornering education in the church. Peeling back the curtain, it becomes clear this is not a migration but instead a war aimed at displacing millions of people, destabilizing the region through the breakdown of borders, thrusting Europe back into the dark ages and driving people into the asylum of a false, synthetic one world religion. In , China made a huge diplomatic intervention into Africa, offering soft loans for development in exchange for access to their natural resources. This is in stark contrast to the British Empire and their decade-long campaign to pillage resources and destabilize the region. Contributing to the agenda Bill Gates has entered the current landscape with a eugenics movement , hidden under the guise of vaccinating the African youth. Greg and William dive deeper into the role of GMOs in global agriculture and examine the expanding sphere of influence materializing from the alliance of China and Russia and what that looks like going forward: As China is poised to become a world leader in biotechnology, Russia, in contrast, has banned all GMO use on the land area of Russia. As the American machine marches forward, the combined force of a Russian-Chinese alliance will be a critical pawn in the global geopolitical game of chess. Wrapping up the conversation they take a closer look at central banking consolidation of banking power Putting this piece of the puzzle into the perspective of the larger picture and using them in the context of the momentous Brexit vote , they discuss the future of the Euro and what remains of the EU. With the Brits upending the agenda for a merged world currency, similar referendums are gaining support in member countries such as Spain, Italy, Austria, Germany, and France. Will this lead to the dissolution of the EU? Check out his work and purchase one of his many titles:

**Chapter 4 : F. William Engdahl: Behind the Anglo American War on Russia - The Daily Coin**

*Frederick William Engdahl (born August 9, ) is an American writer based in Germany. A Century of War: Anglo-American Oil Politics and the New World Order.*

Combined, it let America rule the world, control its energy, and crush all upstart competition. The Epic Quest for Oil, Money and Power" with two countries at its epicenter - first Britain and now America with its UK junior partner that built its rule on three essential pillars: Post-Waterloo, it operated "on an extremely sophisticated marriage between top London bankers and financiers, government cabinet ministers," key industrialists and espionage chiefs. By keeping everything secret, it "wielded immense power over credulous and unsuspecting foreign economies. Key to it was oil geopolitics as a vital naval supremacy ingredient. The Lines are Drawn: Germany and the Geopolitics of the Great War The importance of oil and emergence of continental economies especially in Germany provided the backdrop to WW I. By the late 19th century, British bankers and political elites were alarmed that German industrial and technological development began surpassing its own that was in decline. Included was a modern German merchant and naval fleet and an ambitious railway project linking Berlin with Baghdad, then part of the Ottoman empire. At stake was British hegemony, and preserving it led to war. Prior to its outbreak, coal was king, German output was impressive and so was its growth: It was first used in after Gottlieb Daimler developed the internal combustion engine. Another 20 years passed, however, before its importance was realized, and that created a problem. Britain had no oil and needed a supply. Up to then, its Middle East presence was limited, but that changed after oil was discovered in Masjed Soleiman, Persia now Iran in Earlier in , German industrialists and bankers got Ottoman approval for a Berlin-Baghdad railway. The aim - to establish strong economic ties to Turkey and develop new markets in the East. Once extended to Kuwait, it would be the fastest, cheapest rail link to the Indian subcontinent, and that spelled trouble for Britain. It would challenge UK supremacy and had to be confronted. The project was costly and needed help to complete, so Germany turned to Britain. London, for its part however, used "every device known to delay and obstruct progress. The game lasted" until war began in and after Britain secured an exclusive oil development "lease in perpetuity" in what today is Iraq and Kuwait. Yet competition remained because Germany got the Ottoman emperor to grant its Baghdad Railway Company full rights to all oil and minerals on a parallel 20 kilometers of land on either side of the rail line. WW I stalled efforts for a German-owned oil company, independent of Rockefeller interests. By , it was solidified, effectively encircled Germany, and it laid the foundation for the coming showdown with Kaiser Wilhelm II. From then until , preparations were made for the "final elimination of the German threat. Imperial, territorial and economic rivalries were at its root. It lasted from July 28, to November 11, and at a time Britain was effectively bankrupt, had big plans along with other combatants, plus a "secret weapon" that later emerged: The timeline was as follows: Four years later, its toll was horrific, and four empires were destroyed - Ottoman Turkey, Austria-Hungary, Germany and Russia. In , however, Britain gambled and lost. It was early in the war, Britain ultimately prevailed, and in no small measure by preemptively occupying Baku in August, to deny Germany its vital resources. Partitioning the Ottoman Empire proceeded post-war and included an "extraordinary new element. It came on November 2, , a year of conflict remained, and it was the basis for the post British mandate over Palestine that gave London "strategic possibilities of enormous importance. Controlling this territory became crucial. Combined and Conflicting Goals: Its terms were outrageous and onerous. They made unimaginable demands, and therein lay the problem. In May , Germany got an ultimatum with six days to accept or the industrial Ruhr Valley would be militarily occupied. Even worse, the country lost its colonial possessions and all their raw material resources. In the end, all combatants were losers. Their combined debt overwhelmed world finance and monetary policy from to the Wall Street crash. The entire pyramid was built on punitive war debts with Morgan and other major New York banks uncompromising on the terms. In addition, paying it took precedence over rebuilding and modernizing war-torn European economies. Then it moved to Latin America. In the 19th century, US Senator Henry Cabot Lodge stated "commerce follows the flag" and by it meant economic progress requires expansion. In , it got Mexico

targeted after oil was discovered in Tampico in 1901. Four companies were empowered that were also an "integral part of British secret intelligence activities: By 1902, it was most of it, America noticed, but in 1903, London and Washington united against a common threat and called a truce to their post-Versailles conflict. The news shocked the continent, especially as it emerged from a British-organized Genoa meeting with other strategic aims in mind. Yet it proceeded through Harry Sinclair of Sinclair Petroleum as a perceived independent middleman with no Rockefeller taint. Sinclair agreed, Harding approved, but events then intervened. It was scandal in Wyoming in a place called Teapot Dome. It involved political influence and the awarding of no-bid oil leases to Sinclair Oil then called Mammoth Oil and a whole lot more with illegal payoffs and no-interest loans as part of the deal. Harding, though not directly involved, was implicated, a year later he was dead "under strange circumstances" , Coolidge became President, dropped the Baku project, and ended plans to recognize Russia. Efforts failed because London was hard-line, stuck to its punitive repayment process, and imposed stiff tariffs to make things worse with Germany already on its knees. Inevitable inflation followed and by 1923 was catastrophic. In January, the mark dropped to 18, to the dollar. By July, it was at 100, by August 4,000, and by November an astonishing 4,000,000,000. The misery was compounded when Germany lost its assets. Britain took its colonies, and also seized Alsace-Lorraine and Silesia with its rich mineral and agricultural resources. Agree in six days or Allied troops would occupy the Ruhr. Unsurprisingly, the Reichstag approved. It made dealing with Russia essential as Germany sought practical ways to survive. It proved impossible, France objected to a minor treaty obligation and occupied the Ruhr anyway. In the meantime, inflation soared, German industrial activity was erased, Reichsbank and other German bank assets were seized, and the currency became worthless. It continued until when the debt pyramid collapsed, an ensuing banking crisis followed, capital flowed out of the country, its economy crashed, the world headed into depression, and radical political elements gained prominence. Reichsbank president, Hjalmar Schacht, was a key figure. He resigned his post to organize financial support for the man he and Bank of England governor Montagu Norman wanted as chancellor. Throughout the period, Wall Street and Washington were comfortable with the Nazis, and a key government official met Hitler in 1933. He came away saying he "was deeply impressed by his personality and thought it likely he would play an important part in German politics. So, too, the oil wars with the creation of an "enormously powerful Anglo-American oil cartel," later called the "Seven Sisters. They ended competition, kept existing market shares, and secretly set prices with governments of both countries arranging a Red Line agreement. From then to now, Big Oil ruled the energy world and devised how to deal with "outsiders. A year later, another meeting followed preparatory to acting. The Weimar government was weak, the scheme was to topple it, and it made Hitler Reichschancellor on January 30, 1933. On August 2, he seized absolute power as Fuhrer. British interests backed him, Royal Dutch Shell financed him, and the Bank of England "moved with indecent haste to reward" him with a vital line of credit. The rest, as they say, is history, and from it would emerge a new world order. Post-WW I, Britain was preeminent with an empire spanning one-fourth the globe. Thirty years later, it was disintegrating and "in the throes of the largest upheaval of perhaps any empire in history" although it happened most prominently to Rome, but it took longer. It was unavoidable because the war took its toll. Britain was "utterly dependent on America," so the baton passed to the only major power left standing in a ravaged post-war world. A "special relationship" between them emerged post-Versailles. Britain led it then, it hoped post to continue indirectly, and a new element was added - the post-war CIA that worked with Britain in the war as the OSS Office of Strategic Services. The relationship continued as the two countries have mutual interests and jointly share intelligence, except that Britain now is junior in a US-dominated world. Post-war, Anglo-American oil interests had enormous power. Clauses were built into each to ensure Anglo and especially American dominance over monetary and trade issues. Both countries have voting control, and the arrangement created a "gold exchange system. It suited Big Oil fine as America by then had the bulk of world gold reserves. They profited enormously, nonetheless, as oil became the key commodity fueling world growth that without which would halt. They profited hugely from its capital inflows, and it ensured their advantage that was built into the Bretton Woods system. They also had cartel power by having consolidated to hold disproportionate control over world finance. Britain, as well, had its post-war priorities in the wake of its lost empire. Its leadership regrouped around the power and profits of

oil and other strategic raw materials with US help. It made Iran a target, Britain humiliated its nationalist elements, occupied the country, and demanded concessions for its government-linked Royal Dutch Shell. Finally in December, 1951, nationalist leader Mohammed Mossadegh introduced a bill to bar foreign country oil negotiations. In late 1951, the Iranian government demanded an increase in its oil revenue share meager at the time and cited Venezuela where Standard Oil had a 50 - 50 arrangement. In late 1951, Mossadegh headed a parliamentary commission, a 50 - 50 split was demanded, Britain refused, and by Mossadegh was Prime Minister.

### Chapter 5 : A Century Of War: Anglo-American Oil Politics and the New World Order by F. William Engdahl

*A Century of War: Anglo-American Oil Politics and the New World Order by F. William Engdahl This Book is a Gripping Account of the Murky World of The Anglo-American Oil Industry and its Hidden Role in World Politics.*

### Chapter 6 : F. William Engdahl - Ebooks : Free Download, Borrow, and Streaming : Internet Archive

*American-German freelance journalist, historian and economic researcher. Grew up in Texas, earned a BA in engineering and jurisprudence from Princeton University in 1951, and studied comparative economics at the University of Stockholm from 1952 to 1954.*

### Chapter 7 : F. William Engdahl | Revolvy

*F. William Engdahl's "A Century of War" (Part II) - by Stephen Lendman Part II continues the story of "A Century in War" in Part I. It's breathtaking in scope and content, and a shocking and essential history of geopolitics and the strategic importance of oil.*

### Chapter 8 : F. William Engdahl

*F. William Engdahl returns to Our Interesting Times to discuss his heretofore unpublished chapter "A New World Order Built on the Ashes of War." We talk about the intrigues of the secretive network known as the Round Table and the role it played in fomenting the world wars of the 20th century.*

### Chapter 9 : F. William Engdahl | The Lost Hegemon | The Higherside Chats

*In Myths, Lies and Oil Wars F. William Engdahl discusses little-known details of wars and manipulations designed over the past half century or more-- wars in Africa, the 'Arab Spring', Iraq-- all to maintain a lock-grip control of the world's known oilfields.*